



KEY STAGE

LEVELS

# English tests

# English reading: sample unthemed reading booklet mark scheme

National curriculum assessments

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# Introduction

These sample materials have been provided for illustrative purposes, as an indication of what future key stage 2 English reading tests that are not 'themed' will look like. They are not intended to be used as a practice test.

The reading booklet, reading answer booklet and mark scheme have not been through the same rigorous test development process that a live test would go through. The materials have not been trialled in schools.

# Section 1: Inventions

### Reading answer booklet: Page 4

1. Where could all these inventions be used? *1 mark*Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.
Award 1 mark for reference to the home / in the house.
Also accept references to specific rooms in the house, eg: *in the kitchen.*

2.	Look at the section about the telephone.	
	What was Meucci trying to do when he had the idea for the telephone?	
	<b>Assessment focus 2:</b> Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.	1 mark
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for the correct box ticked.	
	Tick <b>one</b> .	
	cure headaches	
	invent a cleaning machine	
	send sound down a wire	
	make money	

### Reading answer booklet: Page 5

3. Look at the section about the vacuum cleaner. Cleaning carpets the old way was *hard*, *dirty work*. What made it hard work? *1 mark* Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts. Award 1 mark for references to either of the following:
Iifting / carrying / removing (the carpets), eg: because you had to carry it outside because the carpet might have been heavy.
beating (the carpets), eg: they had to bang it they had to beat it until all the dust came out.

4. The vacuum cleaner was based on another machine.

What made the vacuum cleaner different to the machine that it was based on?

1 mark

Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts.

Award 1 mark for reference to the machine sucking the dust up rather than just blowing it away.

### Reading answer booklet: Page 6

5.	Look at the section about the toaster.
	What problems did the pop-up toaster solve?
	Write <b>two</b> things
	up to 2 marks
	<b>Assessment focus 2:</b> Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for each of the following, up to a maximum of <b>2 marks</b> :
	A references to burning toast, eg:
	• you will not have burned toast
	references to waiting, eg
	• you did not have to stand around.
	Do not accept it would pop up when it was ready.
6.	Look at the paragraph beginning: Next Spencer then put an egg

How does the writer make this paragraph exciting?

Give **two** ways.

up to 2 marks

**Assessment focus 5:** Explain and comment on writers' uses of language, including grammatical and literary features at word and sentence level.

Award **1 mark** for any of the following, up to a maximum of **2 marks**:

- use of short sentences build tension / suggest something is about to happen
- use of specific words to create excitement, eg: (It) trembled / (It) fizzed / (Finally it) exploded
- use of the exclamation mark

7. According to the text, how might our machines be controlled in the future?

1 mark

**Assessment focus 2:** Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.

Award **1 mark** for reference to use of a phone / internet / message.

8.	In what order do the inventions appear in this text?	
	<b>Assessment focus 4:</b> Identify and comment on the structure and organisation of texts, including grammatical and presentational features at text level.	1 mark
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for correct box ticked.	
	Tick <b>one</b> .	
	order of importance	
	no particular order	
	alphabetical order	
	chronological order	

9.	Who invented what?		
	Fill in the missing information.		un to 0 morte
	Assessment focus 2: Understand, c from texts and use quotation and ref		<i>up to 2 marks</i> n, events or ideas
	Award <b>2 marks</b> for all four correct. Award <b>1 mark</b> for two or three cor		
	Invention	Inventor	
	vacuum cleaner	Hubert and / or Booth	
	toaster	Charles Strite	
	television / TV	John Logie Baird	
	microwave	Percy and / or Spencer	

10.	Which two of the inventions were invented by accident?	up to 2 marks	
	Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts.		
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for each of the following, up to a maximum of <b>2 marks</b> :		
	■ (tele)phone		
	■ microwave.		Ϊ

1	<b>11.</b> Where would you expect to find this text about inventi	
	<b>Assessment focus 7:</b> Relate texts to their social, cultural and I and literary traditions.	1 mark historical contexts
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for the correct box ticked.	
	Tick <b>one</b> .	
	in a diary	
	in a story book	
	in a non-fiction book	
	in an atlas	

## Section 2: The faces of the Czar

#### Reading answer booklet: Page 9

12. Find and copy the words that tell you how small Frankel's piece of land was. *1 mark*Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.
Award 1 mark for identifying:

(about the) size of a tablecloth.

Allow minor copying errors.
Do not accept tablecloth.

13. Why didn't Frankel notice the horsemen riding towards him? *1 mark*Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.
Award 1 mark for any of the following indications that Frankel was busy:
he was digging (turnips)
he was working (on his field)
he was absorbed in his work / too busy.
Do not accept minimal responses, eg:
he was looking down / he wasn't looking that way
because he didn't hear him.

14. How do we know that Frankel was surprised to see the Czar? *1 mark*Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts.
Award 1 mark for:

(He) dropped his spade (in amazement)

Also accept:

(The Czar says) Do not be surprised (my friend)

# Section 2: The faces of the Czar

#### Reading answer booklet: Page 10

**15.** What was Frankel's explanation for the fact that the hair on his head was grey and the hair of his beard was black?

1 mark

**Assessment focus 2:** Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.

Award **1 mark** for responses that recognise Frankel's explanation that his hair on his head was older than the hair of his beard, eg:

- His beard was younger than the hair on his head
- He said the hair on his head was older than the hair of his beard
- The hair on his head was older.

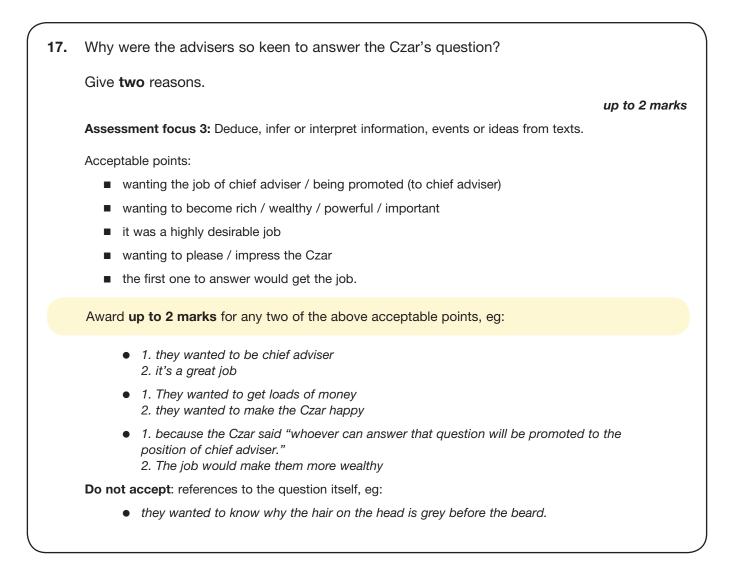
Do not accept general answers that don't specify the hair type, eg:

• It was younger

# Reading answer booklet: Page 10 (continued)

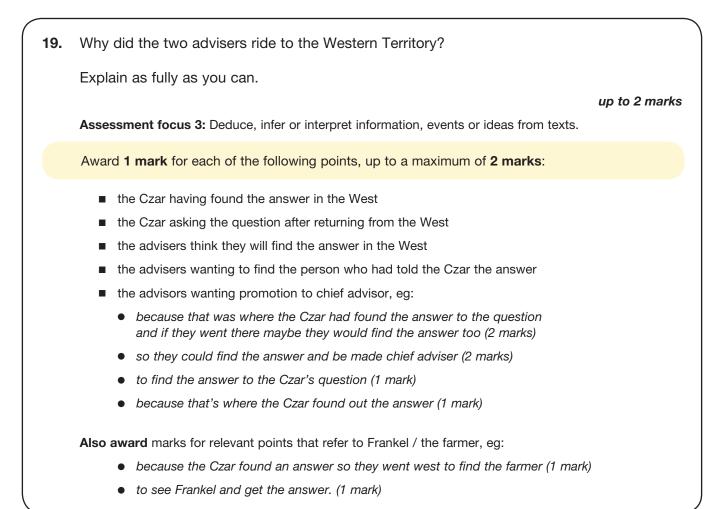
Why was the Czar so pleased to find the answer to his question?	,
	1 mark
<b>Assessment focus 2:</b> Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.	
Award <b>1 mark</b> for reference to:	
<ul> <li>the Czar resolving a long-standing puzzle, or the fact that the question was puzzling, eg:</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>because he had been puzzled by it for a long time</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>because he had been waiting a long time for the answer</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>he had been trying to find the answer for so long</li> </ul>	
• it was a puzzling question.	
the fact that no one else could answer the question, eg:	
<ul> <li>because no one else had told him the answer</li> </ul>	
• because nobody knew the answer.	
Do not accept	
answers that paraphrase the question, eg:	
<ul> <li>because he really wanted to know the answer</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>he longed to find the answer</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>because he wanted to find the answer / he was searching for the answer</li> </ul>	
references to how the Czar later used his knowledge, eg:	
• so he could test his advisers.	
	<ul> <li>Assessment focus 2: Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.</li> <li>Award 1 mark for reference to: <ul> <li>the Czar resolving a long-standing puzzle, or the fact that the question was puzzling, eg:</li> <li>because he had been puzzled by it for a long time</li> <li>because he had been puzzled by it for a long time</li> <li>because he had been waiting a long time for the answer</li> <li>he had been trying to find the answer for so long</li> <li>it was a puzzling question.</li> </ul> </li> <li>the fact that no one else could answer the question, eg: <ul> <li>because no one else had told him the answer</li> <li>because nobody knew the answer.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Denot accept <ul> <li>answers that paraphrase the question, eg:</li> <li>because he really wanted to know the answer</li> <li>because he wanted to find the answer / he was searching for the answer</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

### Reading answer booklet: Page 10 (continued)



18.	Look at page 7.	
	books too heavy to be carried	
	scrolls of paper a yard long	
	What is the effect of describing the books and the scrolls in this way?	
	<b>Assessment focus 5:</b> Explain and comment on writers' uses of language, including grammatical and literary features at word and sentence level.	1 mark
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for reference to <b>either</b> :	
	<ul> <li>it shows how much work / effort was put in by the advisers to find the answer, eg:</li> <li>the advisers were trying everything to find the answer</li> <li>so it tells the reader how much information was used to answer the question</li> <li>to show how much they were reading.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>or</li> <li>it emphasises the quantity / volume of books and scrolls that were studied, eg:</li> <li>he is trying to explain how many books there are</li> <li>to show how many they had to get through</li> <li>to show there was a lot of information in them.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li><b>Do not accept</b> answers which paraphrase the question, eg:</li> <li><i>because the books were so heavy.</i></li> </ul>	

### Reading answer booklet: Page 11 (continued)



20	<b>0.</b> In the second section on page 7, Frankel says	Ň
	"One hundred silver roubles will change my mind instantly"	
	What does this suggest?	
	Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts.	1 mark
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for correct box ticked.	
	Tick <b>one</b> .	
	that he is rich	
	that he is frightened of the advisors	
	that he is going to break his promise $\checkmark$	
	that he will soon be chief advisor	

21.	Look at page 8.	Ň
	What evidence is there that Frankel is afraid of the Czar?	
	Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts.	1 mark
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for reference to the fact that Frankel whispered, eg:	
	<ul> <li>he whispered</li> <li>he could only whisper when the Czar yelled at him.</li> </ul>	

# Reading answer booklet: Page 12 (continued)

22.	Look at page 8.	
	How did Frankel claim to have seen the Czar one hundred times?	
	<b>Assessment focus 2:</b> Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.	1 mark
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for reference to the Czar's face being on the coins, eg:	
	<ul> <li>his face was on the coins</li> <li>he got coins with the Czar's face on.</li> </ul>	
	Also accept:	
	answers which refer to the exact number of coins, eg:	
	one hundred coins	
	• 100 silver roubles.	
	Do not accept:	
	• the money	
	• on the coins.	

23.	Frankel was both clever and brave in the story.	
	a) How was he clever?	
	Give <b>two</b> ways.	
	Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts.	up to 2 marks
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for each acceptable point, up to <b>2 marks</b> :	
	<ul> <li>he found a way to tell the secret / not to break his promise</li> <li>his strategy (ie: using the coins to see the Czar's face 100 times)</li> <li>he outsmarted / fooled the Czar</li> <li>he answered the Czar's (puzzling) question.</li> </ul> Also accept: <ul> <li>he got some money / became rich</li> <li>he got a job as the Czar's adviser.</li> </ul>	
	b) How was he brave?	
	Give <b>one</b> way.	1 mark
	Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts.	
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for each acceptable point:	
	<ul> <li>he could have been punished</li> <li>he took a big risk / he revealed the Czar's secret.</li> </ul>	

$\left( \right)$				
	24.	Number these events in the order in which they happen in the story.		
		The first one has been done for you.		
				1 mark
		Assessment focus 4: Identify and comment on the structure and organisation of texts, including grammatical and presentational features at text level.		
		Award <b>1 mark</b> for all four correct.		
		Frankel asks for one hundred roubles.	4	
		Frankel meets the Czar at his farm	1	
		Frankel impresses the Czar by answering a puzzling question.	2	
		Frankel is rewarded with wealth and power.	5	
		Frankel talks to the Czar's advisers.	3	
		Frankei taiks to the Ozar's advisers.	3	

25.	Look at page 8.	
	Find and copy a word or phrase that shows how the Czar felt about Frankel at the end of the story	
		1 mark
	<b>Assessment focus 2:</b> Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.	
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for:	
	■ (full of) admiration	
	■ stunned	
	get rid of all my advisors	
	<ul> <li>appoint you instead.</li> </ul>	

# Reading answer booklet: Page 14 (continued)

26	. What type of story is The Faces of the Czar?	1 mark
	<b>Assessment focus 7:</b> Relate texts to their social, cultural and historical contexts and literary traditions.	T Mark
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for correct box ticked.	
	Tick <b>one</b> .	
	an adventure tale	
	a fantasy story	
	a traditional tale	
	a science fiction story	

# Section 3: A life underwater

I grew up in New York City, a very strange place a	to go diving.	
What does the writer, David Doubilet, mean by th	nis?	
Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret informat	ion, events or ideas from texts.	1 mark
Award <b>1 mark</b> for correct box ticked.		
	Tick <b>one</b> .	
New York City was a difficult place to grow up.		
People in New York City didn't approve of strangers diving there.		
It was unusual for people to go diving in a place like York City.	$\checkmark$	
There was nowhere to practise diving in New York City.		
	What does the writer, David Doubilet, mean by the Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret informate Award 1 mark for correct box ticked.         Award 1 mark for correct box ticked.         New York City was a difficult place to grow up.         People in New York City didn't approve of strangers diving there.         It was unusual for people to go diving in a place like York City.         There was nowhere to practise	New York City was a difficult place to grow up.       Image: Comparison of the strangers diving

28	Look at the paragraph beginning: After the film	
	When Jacques Cousteau replied <i>Why not?</i> to David's remark about wanting to be an underwater photographer, he was	
	<b>Assessment focus 5:</b> Explain and comment on writers' uses of language, including grammatical and literary features at word and sentence level.	1 mark
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for correct box ticked.	
	Tick <b>one</b> .	
	making a joke.	
	offering encouragement.	
	expecting David to answer.	
	trying to make David angry.	

### Reading answer booklet: Page 16

29. Look at the paragraph beginning: I grew up in New York City...

**Find** and **copy** a **word** that shows David Doubilet's interest was captured by the film he saw.

1 mark

Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts.

Award 1 mark for:

■ (I was absolutely) mesmerised.

30.	Look at page 9.
	How can you tell that David Doubilet admires Jacques Cousteau?
	Explain fully referring to the text in your answer.
	up to 3 marks Assessment focus 6: Identify and comment on writers' purposes and viewpoints, and the overall effect of the text on the reader.
	Award <b>3 marks</b> for 3 acceptable points or 2 points with one developed. Award <b>2 marks</b> for 2 acceptable points or 1 developed point. Award <b>1 mark</b> for 1 acceptable point.
	Acceptable points:
	He enjoyed Jacques Cousteau's film (The silent world) / he was mesmerised
	The film changed the course of his life
	<ul> <li>His knees are trembling when he approached him (which shows he's nervous about meeting his hero)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The way he addresses Jacques Cousteau Oh Captain Cousteau (suggests he is in awe of him / very respectful)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>He tells Jacques Cousteau that he wants to do what he does (<i>I want to swim underwater and take pictures</i>).</li> </ul>
	Also accept:
	He followed in his footsteps by becoming an underwater photographer.

31.	Look at the paragraph beginning My family spent	
	From the description of his equipment, how do we know that he was a child when he first learned to dive?	
		1 mark
	Assessment focus 6: Identify and comment on writers' purposes and viewpoints, and the overall effect of the text on the reader.	
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for one of the following:	
	His equipment is for children / sounds childish	
	<ul> <li>His equipment is very basic / simple</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Adults wouldn't wear something made by Frankie the Frogman</li> </ul>	
	His flippers looked like lily pads	
	He only has a simple yellow face mask and green flippers	
	Do not accept:	
	Because he was 12 when he learned to dive	
	the air tank was heavier than he was.	

32.	In 1956 the sport was barely 12 years old, so I was a young pioneer.	
	What does the word pioneer mean in this sentence?	
		1 mark
	<b>Assessment focus 5:</b> Explain and comment on writers' uses of language, including grammatical and literary features at word and sentence level.	
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for recognising that diving was a new sport, eg:	
	He was one of the early people in the field of diving	
	Diving was a very new sport and he was young too.	
	<ul> <li>it means he was one of the first people to do it.</li> </ul>	
	Do not accept:	
	• He was first to go diving	
	<ul> <li>It means he was a young explorer</li> </ul>	
	• He was first.	
$\frown$		

# Reading answer booklet: Page 17 (continued)

33.	David Doubilet enjoyed being underwater because he could get away from people or things he had to do.	
	Find and copy a sentence that shows this.	1 mark
	<b>Assessment focus 2:</b> Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.	
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for one of the following sentences.	
	I could escape the rest of the world	
	I could escape school or parents or lunch if I didn't like it	
	Being at the bottom of the pool was like being at the bottom of the ocean – no one could reach me.	

### Reading answer booklet: Page 18

34.	How did David Doubilet change his camera so that he could use it for underwater photography?	1 mark
	<b>Assessment focus 2:</b> Understand, describe, select or retrieve information, events or ideas from texts and use quotation and reference to text.	
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for:	
	<ul> <li>He used a rubber / waterproof bag.</li> <li>Do not accept:</li> <li>He put the camera in a bag.</li> </ul>	
35.	A photographer must be as aware of light as a perfume-maker is of smells.	
	(page 11)	
	What does David Doubilet mean by this?	
	<b>Assessment focus 5:</b> Explain and comment on writers' uses of language, including grammatical and literary features at word and sentence level.	2 marks
	Award <b>2 marks</b> for responses which make the comparison between photography and maki perfume explicit, focussing on the importance of the light and smells respectively, eg:	ng
	• I think he was explaining how perfume-makers are good because they know their	

smells, so to be a good photographer you have understand the effects and the importance of light

Award 1 mark for a response that refers to either the photographer or the perfume maker, eg:

- It is important for a photographer to understand light and how it can affect the photograph
- He used a simile to show that photography is harder than it looks it is not just taking a picture.

Do not accept:

• Light and smell are important ingredients

### Reading answer booklet: Page 19

**36.** Complete the table to show whether you think David Doubilet would **agree** or **disagree** with each statement.

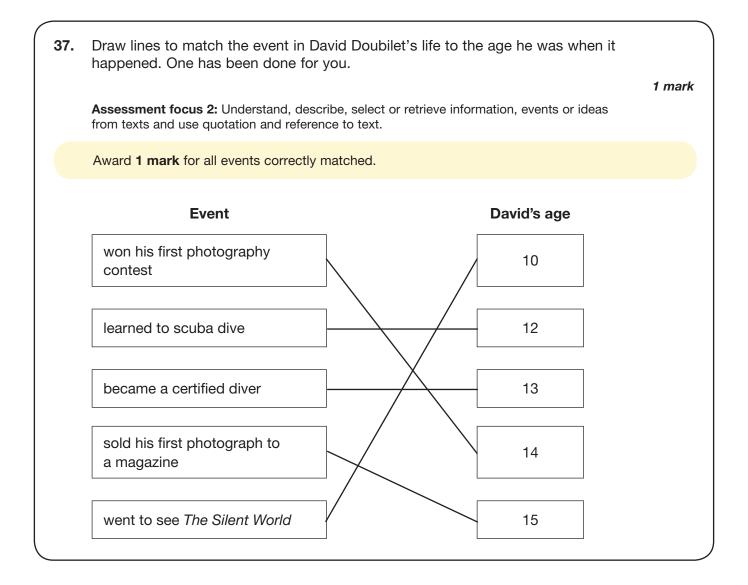
Up to 2 marks

**Assessment focus 6:** Identify and comment on writers' purposes and viewpoints and the overall effect of the text on the reader.

Award 2 marks for all correct, 1 mark for at least three correct.

Statement	Agree or disagree
To learn to dive you need the best equipment available.	Disagree
Photographers are light monkeys.	Agree
Meeting Jacques Cousteau changed the course of my life.	Agree
It is really important that your parents support your interests.	Disagree

#### Reading answer booklet: Page 19 (continued)



38.	I learned early on that if you want to do something, you go and do it.	Ň
	What does this statement by David Doubilet tell us about his character?	
	Assessment focus 3: Deduce, infer or interpret information, events or ideas from texts.	1 mark
	Award <b>1 mark</b> for responses which describe his independence and determination, eg:	
	He is very driven	
	<ul> <li>He is someone who doesn't let anything or anyone stop him doing what he wants to do.</li> </ul>	
	Do not accept a paraphrase: It means he just gets on and does things.	



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