Ma

KEY STAGE

2

3-5

Mathematics tests

## Mark schemes

Test A, Test B and mental mathematics

V C C

National curriculum assessments

#### © Crown copyright 2012

2012 Key Stage 2 mathematics mark schemes

Hard copy ISBN: 978-1-4459-5211-6 PDF version ISBN: 978-1-4459-5212-3

You may re-use this information (excluding logos) free of charge in any format or medium, under the terms of the Open Government Licence.

To view this licence, visit www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/ or email psi@nationalarchives.gsi.gov.uk.

Where we have identified any third party copyright information you will need to obtain permission from the copyright holders concerned.

This publication is also available for download at www.education.gov.uk/publications.

The Standards and Testing Agency 53–55 Butts Road Earlsdon Park Coventry CV1 3BH

## Marking the mathematics tests

The Standards and Testing Agency (STA) is responsible for the development and delivery of statutory tests and assessments in 2012. STA is an executive agency of the Department for Education (DfE). The test papers will be marked by external markers employed by the external marking agency under contract to STA. The markers will follow the mark schemes in this booklet, which is supplied to teachers for information.

This booklet contains the mark schemes for the levels 3–5 tests A, B and mental mathematics. Level threshold tables will be available at www.education.gov.uk/KS2 from 10 July 2012.

#### General guidance

#### The structure of the mark schemes

The marking information for each question is set out in the form of tables, which start on page 6 of this booklet.

The 'Question' column on the left-hand side of each table provides a quick reference to the question number and the question part.

The 'Mark' column indicates the total number of marks available for each question part. On some occasions the symbol (U1) may be shown in the 'Mark' column. The 'U' indicates that there is a *Using and applying mathematics* element in the question. The number, 1, shows the number of marks attributed to using and applying mathematics in this question.

The 'Requirement' column may include two types of information:

- a statement of the requirements for the award of each mark, with an indication of whether credit can be given for correct working
- examples of some different types of correct response.

The 'Additional guidance' column indicates alternative acceptable responses, and provides details of specific types of response which are unacceptable. Other guidance, such as the range of acceptable answers, is provided as necessary.

Additionally, for the mental mathematics test, general guidance on marking is given on page 18, followed by the marking information for each question.

#### Applying the mark schemes

In order to ensure consistency of marking, the most frequent procedural queries are listed on pages 2 and 3 along with the action the marker will take. This is followed by further guidance on pages 4 and 5 relating to the marking of questions that involve money, time and other measures. Unless otherwise specified in the mark scheme, markers will apply the following guidelines in all cases.

#### What if... Marking procedure The pupil's response is Markers will award the mark unless the mark scheme states otherwise. numerically or algebraically equivalent to the answer in the mark scheme. The pupil's response does Markers will use their judgement in deciding whether the response corresponds with the not match closely any of the statement of the requirements given in the 'Requirement' column. Reference will also be examples given. made to the additional guidance and, if there is still uncertainty, markers will contact the supervising marker. The pupil has responded Calculations, formulae and written responses do not have to be set out in any particular format. in a non-standard way. Pupils may provide evidence in any form as long as its meaning can be understood. Diagrams, symbols or words are acceptable for explanations or for indicating a response. Any correct method of setting out working, however idiosyncratic, will be accepted. There appears to be a This is when the pupil misreads the information given in the question and uses different misreading affecting information without altering the original intention or difficulty level of the question. For each misread that occurs, one mark only will be deducted. the working. In one-mark questions – 0 marks are awarded. In two-mark questions that have a method mark – 1 mark will be awarded if the correct method is correctly implemented with the misread number. Where a pupil has shown understanding of the question, the mark(s) will be given. In particular, No answer is given in the expected place, but where a word or number response is expected, a pupil may meet the requirement by annotating the correct answer is a graph or labelling a diagram elsewhere in the guestion. given elsewhere. The pupil's answer is correct A correct response will always be marked as correct. but the wrong working is shown. The response in the answer Where appropriate, detailed guidance will be box is wrong, but the given in the mark scheme, which markers will correct answer is shown follow. If no guidance is given, markers will examine each case to decide whether: in the working. ■ the incorrect answer is due to a If so, the mark **will** be awarded. transcription error ■ the pupil has continued to give redundant If so, the mark **will** be awarded. extra working which does not contradict work already done ■ the pupil has continued to give redundant If so, the mark **will not** be awarded. extra working which does contradict work already done.

What if	Marking procedure
The correct response has been crossed out and not replaced.	Any legible crossed-out work that has not been replaced will be marked according to the mark scheme. If the work is replaced, then crossed-out work will not be considered.
More than one answer is given.	If all answers are correct (or a range of answers is given, all of which are correct), the mark will be awarded unless prohibited by the mark scheme. If both correct and incorrect responses are given, no mark will be awarded.
The answer is correct but, in a later part of the question, the pupil has contradicted this response.	A mark given for one part will not be disallowed for working or answers given in a different part, unless the mark scheme specifically states otherwise.
The pupil has drawn lines which do not meet at the correct point.	Markers will interpret the phrase 'slight inaccuracies in drawing' to mean 'within or on a circle of radius 2mm with centre at the correct point'.  within the circle accepted on the circle accepted not accepted

#### Recording marks awarded on the test paper

In the margin there is a marking space alongside each question part.

For the mental mathematics test, the external marker will record '1' for a correct response or '0' otherwise.

For the written tests, the external marker will record one of the following in each marking space:

- '1' for a correct response
- '0' for an incorrect response
- $^{\prime}-^{\prime}$  if no response is made.

A two-mark question which is correct will have '1' entered in both marking spaces. A two-mark question which is incorrect, but which has sufficient evidence of working or method as required by the mark scheme, will have '1' entered in the first marking space and '0' in the second. Otherwise '0' will be entered in both marking spaces, unless no response is made, in which case '-' will be entered in both marking spaces.

For the written tests, the total number of marks gained on each double page will be written in the space at the bottom of the right-hand page. For all of the tests, the total number of marks gained on each paper will be recorded on the front of the test paper.

Test A carries a total of 40 marks. Test B also carries a total of 40 marks. The mental mathematics test carries a total of 20 marks.

The 2012 Key Stage 2 mathematics tests and mark schemes were developed by the Test Development Team at Pearson Research and Assessment on behalf of STA.

## Marking specific types of question – summary of additional guidance

#### Responses involving money

	Accept	Do not accept
Where the f sign is given for example: f3.20, f7	f3.20 f7 f7.00  Any unambiguous indication of the correct amount, eg f3.20p f3.20 pence f3.20 f3.20 f3.20 f3.20	Incorrect placement of pounds or pence, eg f320 f320p Incorrect placement of decimal point, or incorrect use or omission of 0, eg f3.2 f3 200 f32 0 f3-2-0
Where the p sign is given for example: 40p	40p Any unambiguous indication of the correct amount, eg f0.40p	Incorrect or ambiguous use of pounds or pence, eg 0.40p £40p
Where no sign is given for example: £3.20, 40p	f3.20 40p 320p f0.40  Any unambiguous indication of the correct amount, eg f3.20p f0.40p f3 20 pence f.40p f3 20 f.40 f3.20 40 f3.20 0.40 f3:20 3.20 3.20 3 pounds 20	Incorrect or ambiguous use of pounds or pence, eg £320 £40 £320p £40p £3.2 0.4 3.20p 0.40p

#### Responses involving time

	Accept	Do not accept
A time interval for example: 2 hours 30 minutes	2 hours 30 minutes  Any unambiguous, correct indication, eg $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours  2.5 hours  2h 30  2h 30 min  2 30  150 minutes  150  Digital electronic time, ie  2:30	Incorrect or ambiguous time interval, eg 2.30 2-30 2,30 230 230 2.3 2.3 hours 2.3h 2h 3 2.30 min
A specific time for example: 8:40am, 17:20	8:40am 8:40 twenty to nine Any unambiguous, correct indication, eg 08.40 8.40 0840 8 40 8-40 8,40 Unambiguous change to 12 or 24 hour clock, eg 17:20 as 5:20pm or 17:20pm	Incorrect time, eg 8.4am 8.40pm Incorrect placement of separators, spaces, etc or incorrect use or omission of 0, eg 840 8:4:0 8.4 084

#### Responses involving measures

	Accept	Do not accept
Where units are given (eg kg, m, l) for example: 8.6kg	8.6kg Any unambiguous indication of the correct measurement, eg 8.60kg 8.6000kg 8kg 600g	Incorrect or ambiguous use of units, eg 8600kg

#### Note

If a pupil leaves the answer box empty but writes the answer elsewhere on the page, then that answer must be consistent with the units given in the answer box and the conditions listed above.

If a pupil changes the unit given in the answer box, then their answer must be equivalent to the correct answer using the unit they have chosen, unless otherwise indicated in the mark scheme.

## Test A questions 1–3

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
1	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for four shapes correctly matched as shown:  pentagon  triangle  octagon  quadrilateral  hexagon  If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for at least two shapes correctly matched.	Up to 2m	Lines need not touch shapes or names, provided the intention is clear.  Do not credit any shape which has been matched to more than one name.
2	£2.50         £20.05         £20.50         £25	1m	Accept use of equivalent units, eg 2050p.  Accept answers with missing or incorrect units.
3	996 circled, and an explanation that it is closer in value than 1006 to 1000, eg:  '996 is 4 less than 1000, but 1006 is 6 more'  '1000 – 996 = 4, 1006 – 1000 = 6'  'It's closer by 2'  'Both end in 6 which means to the nearest ten they round up. So 996 rounds up to 1000, but 1006 rounds up to 1010'  '1006 is nearer 1010, but 996 is nearer 1000'  '996 is only 4 away'.	1m (U1)	No mark is awarded for circling 996 alone.  Do not accept vague or incomplete explanations, eg:  1006 is further away'  1996 is less than 1000, but it is still closer than 1006'  If 996 is not circled, but a correct, unambiguous explanation is given, then award the mark.

## Test A questions 4–5

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
4a	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 26  If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for evidence of appropriate working, eg:  12 + 25 + 17 = 54  80 - 54 = wrong answer  OR  80 - 12 - 25 - 17 = wrong answer	Up to 2m	Working must be carried through to reach an answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.
4b	f6	1m	
5	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for all four numbers correct as shown:  18	Up to 2m	If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for two numbers correct <b>AND</b> two numbers appropriately linked, ie  OR $n-3$ $n$

## Test A questions 6–11

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
6a 6b	2 Seb <b>AND</b> Kirsty <b>AND</b> Jack	1m 1m	Accept Seb <b>AND</b> Mina.  Names may be given in any order.  Accept unambiguous abbreviations or recognisable misspellings. <b>Do not</b> accept 3
7	216	1m	
8	Dots joined to divide square into two congruent parts, eg  OR	1m (U1)	Accept slight inaccuracies in drawing (see page 3 for guidance).  Accept more than one answer if all are correct.
9	Diagram completed to show three triangles shaded, or equivalent, eg	1m	Accept inaccurate shading provided the intention is clear.
10	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for three numbers correct as shown:  rounded to the nearest hundred  316 300 3162 3200 31628 31600 316281 316300  If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for two numbers correct.	Up to 2m	
11	Diagram completed as shown:	1m	Accept inaccurate drawing provided the intention is clear.

## Test A questions 12–16

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
12a	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of £2.63 If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for evidence of appropriate working, eg $82p \times 2 = 164p$ $66p + 33p = 99p$ $164p + 99p = wrong answer$	Up to 2m	Accept for <b>ONE</b> mark £263 <b>OR</b> £263p as evidence of appropriate working.  Working must be carried through to reach an answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.
12b	300	1m	
13a	С	1m	Accept 18
13b	D	1m	
14	24	1m	
15	D B C A	1m	Accept alternative unambiguous indications of the correct order, eg 7:30 7:45 7:54 7:56
16	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for all four numbers correctly placed as shown:    Multiples of 2	Up to 2m	Accept alternative unambiguous indications, eg lines drawn from the numbers to the appropriate regions of the diagram.  Do not accept numbers written in more than one region.

## Test A questions 17–19

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
17	160	1m (U1)	
18	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 15680  If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for evidence of appropriate working which contains no more than <b>ONE</b> arithmetical error, eg:  I long multiplication algorithm, eg  560  × 28  11200  4480  wrong answer  I grid method, eg    500 60   20   10000 1200   8   4000 480   = wrong answer  I partitioning method, eg  560 × 10 = 5600  560 × 10 = 5600  560 × 8 = 4480  wrong answer  I factorisation method, eg  560 × 7 = 3920  3920 × 4 = wrong answer	Up to 2m	In all cases accept follow through of <b>ONE</b> error in working.  Do not award any marks if:  the error is in the place value, eg the omission of the zero when multiplying by two tens, eg  560  × 28  1120  4480  wrong answer  the final (answer) line of digits is missing.  Variations on algorithms are acceptable, provided they represent viable and complete methods.  Working must be carried through to reach an answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.
19	Award TWO marks for all five letters in the correct order as shown:  B  E  C  D  A  If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for at least three letters correct.	Up to 2m	Accept alternative unambiguous indications, eg $1200  ml \qquad $

## Test A questions 20-21

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
20a	8	1m	
20b	14	1m (U1)	If the answer to 20a is 14 <b>AND</b> the answer to 20b is 8, then award <b>ONE</b> mark for 20b.
21	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of	Up to 2m	
	Mina 14 Kirsty 9 Seb 7	U1	
	If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for:		
	■ two numbers correct		
	OR		
	■ 14 <b>AND</b> 9 <b>AND</b> 7 with some or all attributed to the wrong child		
	OR		
	■ evidence of appropriate working, eg		Working must be carried through to reach an
	30 - 5 + 2 = 27		answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.
	Kirsty = $27 \div 3$ = wrong answer		
	Mina = wrong answer + 5		
	Seb = wrong answer – 2		
	OR		
	a 'trial and improvement' method, eg		A 'trial and improvement' method must show evidence of improvement, but a final answer need
	10 + 5 + 3 = 18		not be reached for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.
	20 + 15 + 13 = 48		
	15 + 10 + 8 = 33		

## Test A questions 22-24

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
<b>22</b> a	Answer in the range 15% inclusive to 25% exclusive	1m	Do not accept 25%
22b	Answer in the range 200g to 400g exclusive	1m	Do not accept 200g OR 400g.
23	Numbers in order as shown:  0.34  43%  0.7 $\frac{3}{4}$	1m	Accept use of equivalent fractions, decimals or percentages, eg 0.34, 0.43, 0.7, 0.75
24	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 24  If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for evidence of appropriate working, eg:  18 ÷ 3 × 4 = wrong answer  OR  18 ÷ 3 = 6 6 + 18 = wrong answer  OR  a 'trial and improvement' method, eg 18 girls + 14 boys = 32  32 ÷ 4 = 8	Up to 2m	Working must be carried through to reach an answer for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.  A 'trial and improvement' method must show evidence of improvement, but a final answer need not be reached for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.
	18 girls + 10 boys = 28		not be reached for the award of OTE mark.

## Test B questions 1–5

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
1a	68	1m	
1b	35	1m	
2	Answer in the range 7.4cm to 7.6cm inclusive	1m	Accept fractions, eg $7\frac{1}{2}$ Answer must be in centimetres.
3	50p <b>AND</b> 5p <b>OR</b> 20p <b>AND</b> 20p <b>AND</b> 10p <b>AND</b> 5p	1m (U1)	Coins may be given in any order.  Accept alternative unambiguous indications, eg coins ticked, crossed or underlined.  Accept answers with missing units, eg 50 AND 5
4	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for three fractions correct as shown: $\frac{1}{4}$ <b>AND</b> $\frac{1}{2}$ <b>AND</b> $\frac{1}{3}$ If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for two fractions correct.	Up to 2m	Accept equivalent fractions, eg $\frac{3}{6} \text{ for } \frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{6} \text{ for } \frac{1}{3}$
5	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for four boxes ticked and crossed correctly as shown:	Up to 2m	Accept alternative unambiguous indications, eg Y or N.  For TWO marks accept:

## Test B questions 6-9

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
6a	A <b>AND</b> B <b>AND</b> D	1m	Letters may be given in any order.
6b	A <b>AND</b> C	1m	Letters may be given in either order.
7a	7	1m	
7b	<ul> <li>An explanation which recognises that the bar for summer is not twice as long as the bar for winter, eg:</li> <li>'15 chose summer and 8 chose winter, and 15 is not twice 8'</li> <li>'An odd number of children chose summer, so it can't be twice as many because children must be a whole number'</li> <li>'More than half as many chose winter as chose summer'</li> <li>'15 ÷ 2 = 7½ not 8'</li> <li>'Because summer isn't 16'</li> <li>'8 × 2 = 16, not 15'</li> <li>'15 is 7 away from 8'</li> </ul>	1m (U1)	No mark is awarded for circling 'No' alone.  Do not accept vague or incomplete explanations, eg:  15 chose summer and 8 chose winter'  Yes' is circled but a correct, unambiguous explanation is given, then award the mark.
8a	£3.00	1m	
8b	6	1m	
8c	10:20am	1m	The answer is a specific time (see page 5 for guidance).
9	Diagram completed as shown:  mirror line	1m	Accept slight inaccuracies in drawing (see page 3 for guidance).

## Test B questions 10–16

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
10a	9	1m	
10b	45%	1m	
11a	0.7	1m	Accept equivalent fractions.
11b	Answer in the range 0.3 to 0.35 exclusive	1m	Accept fractions, eg $\frac{1}{3}$
			<b>Do not</b> accept 0.3 <b>OR</b> 0.35
			If the answer to 11a is in the range 0.3 to 0.35 exclusive <b>AND</b> the answer to 11b is 0.7, then award <b>ONE</b> mark for 11b.
12a	100 seconds	1m	Answer must be in seconds.
			<b>Do not</b> accept 1 minute 40 seconds.
12b	260cm <b>OR</b> 2.6m	1m	Accept 260 <b>OR</b> 2.6 <b>OR</b> 2m 60cm.
13	7 × 8 × 9	1m (U1)	Numbers may be given in any order.
14	Triangular prism	1m	Accept recognisable misspellings.
			Accept prism.
15	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 37p.	Up to 2m	
	If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for evidence of appropriate method, eg		Accept for <b>ONE</b> mark £37 <b>OR</b> £37p <b>OR</b> 0.37p as evidence of appropriate method.
	$24p \times 2 = 48p$		Answer need not be obtained for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.
	f1.59 - 48p = f1.11		ONE MARK.
	£1.11 ÷ 3		
16	B <b>AND</b> C <b>AND</b> G	1m (U1)	Letters may be given in any order.

## Test B questions 17-22

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
17	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of 80  If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for evidence of appropriate method, eg:  60 ÷ 3 = 20 20 × 4  OR  3 red 4 white 30 red 40 white 60 red	Up to 2m	Answer need not be obtained for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.
18	10	1m	
19a	Answer in the range 125cm inclusive to 140cm exclusive	1m	<b>Do not</b> accept 140cm.
19b	Answer in the range 9:30am to 9:50am inclusive	1m	Accept an answer in the range 4:30pm to 4:50pm inclusive.
20a	AB BC CD DA	1m	Accept alternative unambiguous indications of the correct lines.
20b	AB BC CD DA	1m	Accept alternative unambiguous indications of the correct lines.
21	6.3	1m	
22	Award <b>TWO</b> marks for the correct answer of £1.75	Up to 2m	
	If the answer is incorrect, award <b>ONE</b> mark for evidence of appropriate method, eg:		Accept for <b>ONE</b> mark £175 <b>OR</b> £175p <b>OR</b> 1.75p as evidence of appropriate method.
	■ 40 ÷ 4.25 = 9.411 4.25 × 9 = 38.25		Accept for <b>ONE</b> mark sight of £38.25 <b>OR</b> 38.25 <b>OR</b> 3825
	40 – 38.25		Answer need not be obtained for the award of <b>ONE</b> mark.
	OR		
	■ 10 yo-yos cost £42.50		
	9 yo-yos cost $f42.50 - f4.25 = f38.25$		
	£40 – £38.25		

## Test B questions 23–25

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
23	Two numbers where the value of $\pmb{k}$ is four times the value of $\pmb{j}$ , eg  When $\pmb{j}$ is $\boxed{5}$ then $\pmb{k}$ is $\boxed{20}$ OR  When $\pmb{j}$ is $\boxed{11}$ then $\pmb{k}$ is $\boxed{44}$	1m	
24	(75, 36)	1m	Accept unambiguous answers written on the diagram.
25	An explanation which gives a counter-example to illustrate that two odd numbers and an even number can total 50, eg:  146 + 1 + 3 = 50'  120 + 15 + 15 works'  15 and 20 and 25'  OR  an explanation which recognises that two of the numbers could be odd, eg:  1You could use two odd numbers to make 10, and then add 40'  1You of the numbers could be 1 and 3'  1Odd + odd + even = even'.	1m (U1)	No mark is awarded for circling 'No' alone.  Do not accept vague or incomplete explanations, eg:  'You can't divide it by 3'  'Odd + odd = even'.  If 'Yes' is circled but a correct, unambiguous explanation is given, then award the mark.

## Mark scheme for the mental mathematics test

#### Applying the mark scheme

Please note that pupils will not be penalised if they record any information given in the question or show their working. Markers will ignore any annotation, even if in the answer space, and mark only the answer. Markers will accept an unambiguous answer written in the stimulus box, or elsewhere on the page.

Full mark scheme information is given on page 20. In addition, a 'quick reference' mark scheme is provided on page 19. This is presented in a similar format to the pupil's answer sheet.

#### General guidance

The general guidance for marking the written tests also applies to marking the mental mathematics test. In addition, the following principles apply.

- 1. Unless stated otherwise in the mark scheme, accept answers written in words, or a combination of words and figures.
- 2. Where units are specified, they are given on the answer sheet. Pupils are not penalised for writing in the units again.
- 3. Where answers are required to be ringed, do not accept if more than one answer is ringed, unless it is clear which is the pupil's intended answer. Accept also any other way of indicating the correct answer, eg underlining.

# Mental mathematics 2012 quick reference mark scheme

#### **Practice question**



#### Time: 5 seconds



#### Time: 10 seconds



10 150	<b>Do not</b> accept 150%
--------	---------------------------

12 
$$6\frac{1}{2}$$
 OR 6.5

15	36	Accept 6 <sup>2</sup>
----	----	-----------------------

#### Time: 15 seconds



## Mental mathematics questions 1–20

Question	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
1	72	1m	
2	10:30	1m	The answer is a specific time (see page 5 for guidance).
3	6	1m	
4	75	1m	
5	100	1m	
6	118	1m	
7	£5	1m	
8	15	1m	
9	500m	1m	
10	150	1m	Do not accept 150%
11	£16	1m	
12	$6\frac{1}{2}$ <b>OR</b> 6.5	1m	
13	0.09	1m	Accept alternative unambiguous indications, eg number ticked, crossed or underlined.
14	80°	1m	
15	36	1m	Accept 6 <sup>2</sup>
16	250	1m	
17	£1	1m	
18	256	1m	
19	<b>-</b> 5	1m	Do not accept 5 –
20	<b>31</b> 33 35 <b>37</b> 39	1m	Accept alternative unambiguous indications, eg numbers ticked, crossed or underlined.